# THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

VOL. XV.-NO. 126.

PHILADELPHIA, MONDAY, MAY 29, 1871.

DOUBLE SHEET-THREE CENTS.

# FIRST EDITION

## ANOTHER AVONDALE.

Massacre at of Horror.

Mineteen Miners Milled.

Unremitting Efforts at Rescue.

Interviews with Survivors.

Description of the Scene.

PITTSTON, Pa., May 28.-From midnight to noon to-day the excitement around the West Pittston shaft has been unabated. Thousands of people arrived on the ground last night, and the period of suspense was trying and intense. Everybody had his own theory as to the chances of life for the men in the depth beneath. Some thought that the miners would be saved on account of the copious supply of water running through the mines, but all the mining engineers, superintendents, foremen, and experienced miners thought the chance of salvation very meagre. Avondale was a tale-telling and sor-rowful precedent, and the surging crowd, arguing more from analogy than any scientific knowledge of the facts in the case, concurred in the belief that the unfortunate men who were lying in the subterranean channel of death were beyond all hopes of recovery. Mothers and wives participated in the same

FEELING OF DESPAIR, and loud were the lamentations heard on all sides, finding an echo in every heart, and drawing tears from every eye. The whole scene around the shaft was a perfect illustration of hopelessness and resignation, but the brave men working incessantly, with no other incentive than love of their fellow-men, did not diminish their energy nor allow their ardor to cool. Towards midnight preparations were completed to enter the shaft. A temporary platform carriages had been constructed and a hoisting apparatus prepared. The rope attached to the carriage was manned by five hundred willing hands, and an efficient officer, Mr. J. E. Patterson, had charge of the signals and hoisting. To keep the crowd away and clear passages for the transmission of fresh air, a circle of rope was formed around the mine and nobody allowed

inside the enclosure.

At 11 o'clock P. M. four men volunteered to enter the shaft. They were lowered down, but could not penetrate further than 100 feet. When hoisted up they reported

INDISTINCT VOICES COMING FROM BELOW. A fluttering of hope ran through the crowd. At 11:30 three miners voluteered again, but after reaching the depth of 200 feet the signal was given for hoisting. They reported a noise,

ut it might have been an echo.
At 12 M. three miners were let down, and nothing was heard from them for half an hour. The suspense was intolerable. Many apprehensions of danger were afloat when at last the signal was given to hoist. The explorers went as far as the barricade built by the miners, and on that they found, written with chalk, the following inscription:-

"WE ARE ALL IN HERE."

From that time till noon to-day the men were brought up gradually, sometimes one at a time. Medical aid was plenty, there being a large number of physicians on the ground farnished with restoratives and other medical stores. The men around worked bravely, sustained by the hope that every new arrival at the top of the shaft would be a live man. The sonorous voice of Patterson at the mouth of the shaft proclaimed the fate of the men. The air resounded at regular intervals with the announcement "dead," "dying," "breathing hard," "groaning heavily," "insensible," and many other equally descriptive and sad qualifications. Those who volunteered to enter the mines in search of the men were often overcome with choke-damp, and many of them are not yet free from its effects.

THE LAST MAN. At 11.30 A. M. thirty-six men had been hoisted up, and another man was reported missing. Several parties went down in search of him, but did not succeed. He was supposed to be at the bottom of the shaft, buried under the debris. Men were sent with shovels and picks to clear the rubbish, and others volunteered to explore the mines east and west. For two long hours the men worked with a will, and for two long hours the people outside were held in breathless suspense. At last the long-expected signal to hoist was given, and the man brought up alive. He was found lying on his side, with his arm under his head, about fifty feet from the place in which he usually worked. He had crept into an airway, and the water near the airway was waist deep. Had he been there an hour longer he would have been drowned. After being brought to the open air the reaction was too strong for him, and at 4 o'clock he was added to the list of dead.

One of the miners working at the shaft was saved providentially. A short time before the fire broke out he was suddenly seized with severe toothache. Without any delay he went out to have the tooth extracted, and before he was a dozen rods away the breaker was in flames. One of the men who died (Martin Crehan) could have been saved, but, anxious for the safety of his fellows, he ran to the east gangway to inform them of the impending calamity, and returned too late to secure his own

INTERVIEW WITH THE SAVED. At four o'clock this afternoon I repaired to the house of Thomas Edwards and his son George, two of the men who had been within the gates of death. Neither of them had suffered much, and both were able to converse freely. The following is the conversation which

Reporter—George, I want you to'relate, as far as you can remember, the events of the last twenty-four hours: how you felt in the mines,

and what occurred there? George-We went into the mines this morning at 1. At 2 we were preparing to come out. Upon approaching the loot I noticed some burning timbers falling down, and the truth came on my mind that the shaft was on fire, and that we would all be shut in as they were at Avondale. The carriage above came down with a crash, and we ran back along the east gangway. Robert Smallcombe gave the first warning. After we get back about two warning. After we get back about two hundred feet we commenced building a wall across the gangway to keep away the smoke. One of the men, John Burroughs, wrote on this barricade, "We are all inside here," and after we got inside we encouraged each other, and held a prayer meeting, and prepared for the worst. Few of our men were calm. At 6 o'clock some of them began to sleep. I tried to wake them, but they would no sooner wake than they would fall opened, the door and went towards the shaft, but was nearly overcome with the smoke and sulphur. I went back to the men and found most of them asleep. I remember nothing further.

From Edwards' house I went to the home of the Smallcombes; four of the family were in the mine, and the father lay dead while the three sons were lively and almost convalescent. The explanations given by these three sons are very clear and interesting. Each of them talked in his turn. This is their statement:

Thomas saw the smoke about two hundred feet from the foot of the shaft; at 2 30 I went to look for Thomas Crehan, and saw him go up STATEMENT OF THE SMALLCOMBES.

look for Thomas Crehan, and saw him go up the shaft just as I reached it; I went back to look for father, and met him and my brothers going towards the floor; we tried to get there, but the fire was too hot and the smoke too thick; we then went back to the east gangway and assisted the men to build a barricade across the gangway; we built it of culm and stone, and some of the men stripped themselves of their clothing to put in the crevices; it took us an hour and a half to put up the wall; all the men in the mines were assisting us as far as their feelings would allow them; many of them were overcome with grief and could not work. Marovercome with grief, and could not work; Martin Cooney, eighteen years old, died in half an hour after the barricade was built; he died of a broken heart; the three men found on the outside tried to get into the enclosure, but were suffocated in the attempt; two of the men on the outside were doing sentinel duty, watching the current of air at the foot of the shaft; the air went upwards after the first half hour, and continued so for two hours, so we opened the door: Robert and Thomas had just been relieved, when Andrew Morgan and Hiram Morgan and Hiram Cuftis went there, and they must have fallen under the influence of chokedamp, but we could not say why they did not come back to us. At 7:30 we held a prayer-meeting. Some were cursing and others singing hymns. We same this verse:—

Before Jehovah's awful throne. Ye nations bow with sacred joy; Rnow that the Lord is God alone, He can create and he destroy.

Many were crying, and one little boy, James Jones, cried out, I shall never see my dear mother again." Information just received shows that John Burroughs died this evening at the hotel near the shaft. This makes

EIGHTEEN DEAD AND NINETEEN LIVING. An inquest will be held to-morrow morning on the dead bodies. There is no doubt as to the criminal oversight of the operators in the evasion of the ventilation. This law forbids more than twenty men to work in the shaft at one time until two openings are secured. Black & Co. worked sixty-five men. The inspector had visited the mines on Thursday, and should have enforced the requirements of the bill. The men who have lost their lives in this disaster will be buried on Tuesday.—N. Y. World.

#### THE MURDERED HOSTAGES.

Sketch of the Abbe Duguerry.

There appears now to be no doubt of the fate of the poor Archbishop of Paris and his companions, among whom was the Abbe Gaspard Duguerry. The latter was born at Lyons, in 1797, of a family who originally came from Switzerand. His father was a wood merchant. In 1812 he entered the College of Villafranca, and in 1814 he began his eccle siastical studies. In 1820 he was ordained priest, under a dispensation, and devoted four years to the study of philosophy and theological oratory, when he began to preach, officiating in Lyons and Paris. In 1827 he was appointed by Charles X almoner to the 6th Regiment of the Royal Guard, accompanying it to Rouen, Orleans, and Paris. In Orleans, in 1830, he pronounced an eulogy on Joan of Arc, and twenty-eight years afterwards was invited to repeat it. In 1840 he visited Fome, and on his return was made Canon of Notre Dame, and subsequently was appointed cure of the Church St. Eustache and of the Madeleine. In 1861 he was nominated Bishop of Marseilles, but requested the Emperor to permit him to decline the nomination. In 1868 he had charge of the religious education of the Prince Imperial-a circumstance tolwhich he was probably indebted for his selection by the Communist leaders as a hostage. He received the order of the Legion of Honor in 1846, and was made a commander in 1868 at the first communion of the Prince. Among his contributions to ecclesiastical literature are:-"Eulogy of Joan of Arc," in 1828; "La Trappe Better Understood," in 1844; "History of the Old and New Testaments," in 1846; "Lives of the Saints," 1845; "Notice of the Count de Clocheville;" a second "Eulogy on Joan of Arc," in 1856; treat," preached at the conference of St. Vincent de Paul; "The Dominical Oratory," sermons delivered at the Chapel of the Tuileries,

## THE WEATHER.

The Detailed Meteorological Report for To-day. The following is the meteorological report of the Signal Bureau of the War Department for this morning, all the observations being taken at 743 A. M., Philadelphia time. The barometrical reports are corrected for temperature and elevation. The value of the wind is given in miles per hour. velocity of the wind is given in miles per hour, and the force is an approximate reduction to the

Beaufort scale :-

Place of Observation,	Barome-	Thermo-	Direction of Wind.	Velocity.	Force of	State of Weather.
Baltimore	80.40	70	N. E.	1	1000	Cloud
Boston	80.08		W.	6	Gentle.	Fair
Charleston, S. C.	80:15		S. E.		Gentle.	Fair
Cheyenne	28-90		E.		Gentle.	T.stm
Chicago	29 98	73	S.		Gentle.	Fair
Cincinnati		75	8.	2	V. gent.	
Detroit		72	S.	1	21.44	Clear
Indianapolis			S. E.		V. gent.	
Key West, Fla			S. E.	1 2	Gentle.	
Mobile	30.08		S. W.	7		
Mt. Washington.			N. W.		V.black	
New Orleans	29.98		S.		V. gent.	
			8. W.		Gentle.	
Norfolk			8.	8	Gentle.	
Philadelphia			8.	4.4	4.443	Clear
Pittsburg			N. W.	144	****	Clear
St. Louis			S. E.	1		Fair
Washington			S. B.	1 3	V. gent.	Dioue
Wilmington, N.C.	30.50	82	8.	. 2	****	Fair

## THE FORTUNATE FEW.

A Lottery Drawing -Chicagoans in Luck The Chicago Republican, after giving an account of the drawing of the Milwaukee Musi-

cal Seciety's gift scheme, says:—
Strange to relate, the winners of the \$25,000 prize and the \$5000 prize are both residents of Chicago. The ticket No. 19,215, which drew the first prize, was purchased by Mrs. Celle, residing at No. 224 South Leavitt street. This estimable lady is the widow of Captain Adam Celle, a member of the New York Marine Cavalry, who died in Libby Prison in 1866, ot wounds received. Mrs. Celle has been in poor health and in straitened circumstances, and it was only as a birthday present for her little boy, a bright little chap of seven summers, that she invested in the ticket a sum which represented much to her. On reading the prize list she fainted with joy, and could not credit the fact that fickle fortune had been so kind to her. She left for Salem, Mass., where her parents reside, a happier woman than she has been for

many a day. The second prize of \$5000 was drawn by Charles E. Strauhenzie, a printer in the Repub-lican office, a native of Beloit, Wis., whence he only arrived last week. He is a steady and unassuming young man, of sober and quiet habits and the sole stay of a widowed mother and family of young brothers and sisters. Every one in the establishment heartily congratulated him on his good fortune, as he started out trembling with joy to carry the good news to

SECOND EDITION

TO-DAY'S CABLE NEWS.

Commune Dead.

Desperate Expiring Struggle.

Thousand Lives

Murder of Hostages.

General Vinoy Appointed Governor.

Great Rejoicings at Paris.

No Insurgent Bands Remaining.

The Fire Under Control.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM EUROPE.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS. Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph.

The Murdered Hostages.

VERSAILLES, May 28-Evening .- Sixty-nine hostages, including the Archbishop of Paris, the Apostolic Proto-Notary, nineteen priests, the President of the Cour des Comptes, and the Mexican banker Jecker, were shot on Wednesday in La Roquette prison.

Fighting in Paris Ail Day. The cemetery of Pere la Chaise, which had been reoccupied by the insurgents, was bom-

barded and retaken. MacMahon telegraphs that he is absolute master of the city. The Loss of the Insurgents is immense, and cremation is seriously proposed

as a sanitary measure. The Death of Delescluze. VERSAILLES, May 28.—Delescluze, Delegate Minister of War under the Commune, was shot by his guards and instantly killed last night in

attempting to escape. The Trial of the Communist Leaders taken alive commences during the present week. Conviction is inevitable, and it is generally believed that every one will suffer death.

After a desperate and bloody conflict the Government forces succeeded in Capturing the Insurgent Positions at Belleville and Pere la Chase late last night. Firing then ceased, and this morning on the troops ad-

vancing on the one position , yet held by the

Commune, the insurgents Hoisted a White Flag and Surrendered. They were immediately disarmed, and the great rebellion of Paris in 1871 had ended. Thirty-eight regiments of the line belonging to MacMahon's army have returned to Versailles in triumph, the men having flowers and branches in the muzzles of their rifles, and bearing also a

magnificent banner of red silk captured from the Communists. General Vinoy is Appointed Governor of Paris by Thiers. It is proposed, as a temporary measure, to divide the capital into twenty military districts, each strongly garrisoned, and this arrangement will be maintained until order is completely restored and the passions aroused by the insurrection have disappeared. Owing

Storming the Barricudes, the Versailles troops did not suffer heavily during the seven days of fighting in the streets

to the admirable plan adopted by MacMahon

The Loss of the Army Altogether is only 2895, while, according to the most reliable estimates, the losses of the insurgents are over fifteen times as great.

Among the unfortunate persons hold as hostages in the prison of La Roquette who were murdered were ten nuns. Yesterday

The Insurgent Prisoners at Sartoy made a desperate effort to escape. They set fire to the straw given them to sleep upon, and in the confusion which followed sixty-five effected their escape, but twenty-four were recaptured.

The French Government will ask the Extradition of all Communist leaders who take refuge in England. The Paris Fires.

Paris, May 28-Night.-The firemen from Antwerp are now entering Paris. The fire in the Hotel Dieu is extinguished. Paschall and Grousset, two of the principal leaders of the insurrection, have not been discovered, and it is believed they are alive and hiding. Since 8 o'clock last night, when the entire city was in the hands of the Versailles troops, priests and cabs had been again seen making their appearance on the streets.

Ten Thousand Prisoners are now passing through the Rue Lafavette. mostly bareheaded, and with uniforms turned inside out. Among them are two thousand regulars, who went over to the insurgents on the outbreak of the rebellion. The bystanders are quiet, and do not unter words of reproach. The Fighting at Belleville.

Paris, May 29 .- The fighting at Belleville, Menilmontant, and Pere la Chaise was despe-

rate. No Quarter was Given to man, woman, or child. Military law is established in the city, and executions are progressing at the Champs de Mars, Park de Monceaux. and Hotel de Ville. Fifty to one hundred insurgents are shot at a time, and no one is permitted to leave Paris without a pass sigued by Marshal

Among the Hostages Shot by the insurgents were Abbes Sicia and Duguerry; the Jesuit fathers Olivari, Caubert, Baregy, Abbe Allard, banker Jecker, and twentyfive gendarmes.

The last band of insurgents was crushed yesterday at the cemetery of Pere la Chaise. Three thousand prisoners arrived here yesterday. Disarmament of the National Guards

is proceeding. Multitudes of people have been

arrested. The population of Paris are enthusiastic over their deliverance. Nearly Every Member of the Commune has been Shot

or executed immediately after capture. The Western and Orleans Railway lines were opened to-day to goods traffic. The Exit of Persons from Paris

Provisions are scarce, and the markets empty. LONDON, May 29 .- The Times' special from Paris says that

Favre and Simon

are likely to be replaced in the Ministries of Foreign Affairs and Public Instruction. The Bavarian general commanding at Champignyihas asked for passports for the insurgent officers who were captured by his troops at Vincennes, and was referred by General Vinoy, as

an answer, to the text of the Peace Convention. FROM NEW YORK.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS. Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph.

The Yachting Season.

New York, May 29 .- The Yacht Club has conceded Ashbury's claim that but one yacht shall race against the challenger for the cup won by the yacht America.

A private telegram announces the Woods on Fire

at Chataugy Lake, Franklin county, in this State, on Friday, and summer cottages belonging to Josiah Hedding, banker, of this city, and Colonel Thompson, of Springfield, Massachusetts, and others, were totally destroyed. Insured.

Baltimore Produce Market. Baltimore Produce Market.

BALTIMORE, May 29.—Cotton in fair demand, and firm; middling uplands, 16½@16½c.; low middlings, 15½@16c. Flour dull. Wheat dull; Pennsylvania, \$1-55@1-58. Corn weak; Southern white, 76@78c.; Southern yellow and mixed Western, 74@75c. Oats dull at 62@66c. Mess Pork quiet at \$17@1750. Bacen steady; shoulders, 7½@7½c.; rib sides, 9½c.; clear rib, 9½c. Sugar-cured Hams, 16@17c. Lard dull at 11@11½c.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

EVENING TRIEGRAPH OFFICE, Monday, May 29, 1871. There is a slight increase in the demand for money to-day, but the very liberal supply offering is more than sufficient to meet all wants. Rates continue very easy at 4@5 per cent. on call, with Governments or other good collaterals, and at 5@6 per cent. on mercantile acceptances having three to four months to mature. The condition of the market is very

favorable to reliable borrowers. The gold market is devoid of new feature, but firm, with the sales ranging from 111%@ 111%, closing at the lower figure.
In United States securities there is only a

slight movement at about Saturday's closing prices.
The stock market was exceedingly active and prices are higher. Sales of State 6s, second series, at 107%, and City 6s at 103 for the new

Reading Railroad was in brisk demand, with large sales at 59@59.31; Pennsylvania also sold freely at 61%@62; Camden and Amboy at 130@ 130%; Minehill at 54%; North Pennsylvania at 48, and Philadelphia and Erie sold largely at 28%; 45% was bid for Catawissa preferred. In Canal shares there was more spirit. Schuyl-

Lehigh sold freely at 37% @38. A few shares of Morris sold at 53. In Bank stocks there were sales of Mechanics at 3214 and Manufacturers' at 30. No further sales are reported.
PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

FIRST BOARD.

El	TOT Y	NO MARKE	76	
\$6600 Pa 68 2 se			Mech Bk 823	
\$1000 City 68, New.	.103	17 sh	Manu Bank 30	
\$23000 do	103		Cam & Am 130 5	
\$4000 C & A m 68, 8	9 96	17 sh	Leh Nav St., 375	ċ
\$900 Perkiomen 6s	. 80			ć
500 sh Reading R	. 5936	700	do b3. 373	2
100 dob60.5	9 8-18	700	dob5, 373	ž
100 dob5	. 5836	200	dob60, 38	۰
17 sh Penna R		300	do860, 37%	
200 dob60		100		
300 dob5				n
28 do allot	. 6136	200	do860, 37%	e
250 do				
200 dob60	. 62	10 sh	N Penna R., 48	•
MESSRS, WILLIAM	PAINT	ER & C	Co., No. 36 S. Third	1
street, report the fo				
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1115@1115; do. 18				
1187@114: do., J				
1868, 114@114%; 10				
R. R. Currency 6s,				
Tr. Tr. Cuttered on	TYOUNG	TYPA/St	Crotti, 111 % to 112.	

Philadelphia Trade Report.

MONDAY, May 29.—Cloverseed is duil and nominal at 8@81/c. per lb. In Timothy nothing doing to fix prices. Flaxseed is wanted by the crushers at Bark—In the absence of sales we quote No. 1 Quer-citron at \$30 per ton. Tanner's Bark is selling at \$15 @17 per cord for chesnut and \$20@21 for Spanish

The Flour market is steady, without, however, any great degree of activity. The demand is principally from the home consumers, who purchase only supply immediate wants, 900 barrels changed nts, including superfine at \$5-25@5-50; extras at \$5.61% 66; Iowa and Wisconsin extra family at \$6.76; Minnesota do. do. at \$7.67.12%; Pennsylvania do. do. at \$6.25.66.75; Indiana and Ohio do. do. at \$7.66.50; and fancy brands at \$7.75.69, as in quality. Rye Fiour may be quoted at \$5.77.66.

In torn meal nothing doing. Brandywine is nomi-Pime Wheat is scarce and in demand at full prices, but the absence of supplies restricts opera-tions. Sales of 2000 bushels Indiana red at \$1.65.20 1.65; and amber at \$1.63.21.70. Rye is held at \$1.12 215 for Pennsylvania and Western and \$1.05.21.10 for Southern. Corn is quiet at the recent decime. Sales of yellow at 75c, and Western mixed at 74.20.75c. Oss are firm, with sales of Pennsylvania and West-

eri at 60@70c.
Whisky—The demand is less active at 34%@95c fot Western iron-bound. Philadelphia Cattle Market. MONDAY, May 29 .- The maket for Beef Cattle was

again excessively dull to-day, and prices favored buyers. The receipts were quite liberal, and many renained in the pens unsold. We quote choice at Tw@7%c., fair to good at 5%@6%c., and common at 4g5c, per pound, gross. A few brought Sc. Recripts, 2300 head. The following are the particulars 56 Owen Smith, Pennsylvania and Ohio, 7@7%.

65 A. Christy, Ohio, 7@7%. 62 R. Maynes, Western, 7@7%. 25 James Christy, Western, 7&7%. 25 B. F. McFillen, Lancaster county, 7@7%. 92 John McArole, Western, 74@7%. 25 Dengler & McCleese, Cumberland co., 64 bt P. F. McFillen, Western, 6%@7%. 62 Ph. Hathaway, Lancaster county, 6%@ 160 James McFillen. Western, 6%@1%.
64 E. S. McFillen. Western, 6%@1%.
845 Martin Fuller & Co., Western, 6%@7%. 79 M. Ullman, Lancaster co., 6%@7%. 50 D. Smyth & Bro., Western, 7@7%. 145 Mooney, Miller & Co., Western, 7@8.

145 Mooney, Miller & Co., Western, 7@8.

45 D. Smyth & Co., Western, 6%@7%.

59 L. Frank, Western, 6%@7%.

65 Thomas Mooney & Bro., Western, 7@7%.

55 H. Frank, Franklin co., 6@6%.

55 Gus. Schamberg, Western, 6%@7%.

68 H. Chain, Western and Penna., 6@7%.

68 H. Chain, Western and Penna., 6@7%.

56 Elcorn & Co., Lancaster co. and Ma., 7@8.

50 J. S. Kirk, Lancaster co., 7@7%.

30 Blum & Co., Kentucky, 6%@7%.

104 Hope & Levi, Western, 6%@7%.

49 S. Frank, Western, 7@7%.

27 D. Bachman, Lancaster co., 7@7%.

Cows and Calves were not much in request. We quote at \$45@65. Receipts, 200 head.

Sheep attracted but little attention, and prices declined. Sales of clipped at 4@5%c. 2 lb. Receipts, 15,000 head.

Hogs.—There was no vitality in this department, and prices continue to droop, under the influence of reports of a heavy hog crop this summer. We quote common at 6% 66% c., and prime at 7c. 8 lb. for corn-fed, Receipts, 3000 head.

## THIRD EDITION

MATTERS AT WASHINGTON.

Army and Navy Orders

The German Peace Festival

Observances at Various Points. Decoration of Graves.

Fire at Gloucester, Mass.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph.

The Glen Paper Mills, WASHINGTON, May 29,-The employes sent from the Treasury Department to the Glen Paper Mills, Philadelphia, have made their report to the effect that fifty-eight millions of sheets of paper especially manufactured for Government currency purposes have been counted; and it further appears that that amount of paper, without any exception, came safely into the possession of the Treasury Department.

The Receipts from Internal Revenue for the month are not more than half of what they were during last May, owing to reduction of taxes, but the

Receipts from Customs are larger than were anticipated under a re-Naval Orders.

Lieutenant Samuel Beldon has been ordered

to the Hydrographic Office, and Chief Engineer Edward Farmer has been detached from the

Boston Navy Yard, and placed on waiting Army Orders. Captain McClure, of the Army Commissary-General's Office, has been ordered to proceed to Carlisle Barracks to make a detailed inspection of the subsistence stores at that post,

and to report to the Commissary-General their quantity and condition, and what disposition should be made of them.

President Grant has deferred his visit to Long Branch until Thursday. He will to-morrow attend the ceremonies at Arlington, including addresses and the decoration of the graves of Union deceased

Government Weather Report. WAR DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL

OFFICER, WASHINGTON, May seem of the past twenty-four hours:—The barometer has fallen on the Pacific coast, with light rains on the pacific coast, with t OFFICER, WASHINGTON, May 29-10:30 A. M.-Synop threatening weather and light rains this morning, at the Rocky Mountain station. The highest pres sure is off Cape Hatteras, whence it diminishes very slowly to the westward. Cloudy weather, with loca light rains, has continued to prevail in the Ohio and Mississippi valleys and in the Southern States. Clear weather is generally reported from the lakes, and the rain of Sunday in the Eastern States has cleared

away. Light and fresh winds from the southeast and south very generally prevail from Minnesota to the Gulf and the Atlantic coast. Probabilities.—It is probable that the barometer will rise, with clearing-up weather, on the Pacific coast, and that threatening weather will to-night be experienced in the Missouri valley. Light rain will probably pass over the Cumberland and Blue Ridge. Partially clear and warm weather is probable from Lake Erie to the Middle and East Atlantic.

## FROM THE STATE.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS. Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph.

The German Festival at Reading. READING, May 29 .- The German Peace Celebration was the largest affair of the kind ever held here. It was participated in by all nationallties, and by business men in general.

The programme comprised religious services yesterday at the German Lutheran and German Catholic churches, and a grand procession today. After the parade a celebration was held at Lauer's Park, at which addresses were delivered in English and German, succeeded by the planting of the "Peace Oak," music, and festive enjoyments.

Business was suspended during the day, and visitors were present from abroad. John Keppleman is President of the Fest.

## FROM NEW ENGLAND.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph. Naval Court Martial.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., May 29 .- Rear Admira! Taylor arrived at the Navy Yard to-day to serve as Judge Advocate in the court-martial for the trial of a sailor for desertion from the United States steamer Ticonderoga. Captain Bradford and others will constitute a court for the trial of this and other cases. The Drought.

Farming interests in this section are suffering seriously from drought.

Fire at Gloucester, Mass. Boston, May 29 .- A fire in Gloucester yesterday destroyed two blocks owned by Webster & Babson, and occupied by Brown, dealer in millinery goods; Alexander Pattid , dry goods; Barrett, clothing; and W. H. Perrin, lawyer.

Total loss, \$25,000, mostly insur. d. Decoration Day. To-morrow will be more generally observed than ever before. The banks will be closed, civil courts adjourn over, and many business firms close their stores during the afternoon. The floral arrangements are very extensive.

## FROM THE DOMINION.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph. Supposed Drowning Case.

HALIFAX, May 29 .- Captain Mathewson and D. McKean, of the Inman steamer City of Durham, are supposed to have been drowned while on a fishing excursion yesterday. Their boat was seen capsized. Neither it nor the bodies were found.

Halifax and Foreign Mails, OTTAWA, May 29 .- The contract for carrying the mails between Halifax, Cork, and Liverpool was awarded by the Canadian and Imperial Governments to Hugh Allen on the terms formerly made with the Inman line.

#### FROM NEW YORK.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS. Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph.

Peace Festival in Buffalo. BUFFALO, May 29. - The Great German peace festival was a success. The thoroughfares are crowded with citizens and visitors from the surrounding country. Stores and private residences are handsomely decorated. At noon the procession had been moving an hour and a half, and still one-third remained at the place of rendezvous. The emblems and decorations are magnificent.

#### FROM BALTIMORE.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph.

German Catholic Celebration.

BALTIMORE, May 29 .- The annual convention of the German Catholic Central Union of the United States assembled yesterday at St. Michael's Church in this city, Delegates were present from all the German Catholic societies of the United States. To-day the visiting and local societies formed in procession, and several thousand paraded the principal streets with banners and bands of music.

Vice-President Colfax Improving. In answer to a friendly despatch, sent Saturday evening, on receipt of discouraging news from Washington concerning the health of the Vice-President, Mr. Colfax nimself on Sunday telegraphed as tollows:-

I send you thanks for such earnest sympathy, and dictate this reply. The attack which prostrated me was more violent than I supposed on Monday; but, since Tuesday, every symptom is favorable, and, with God's providence, I hope for entire recovery. I am better as I telegraph you than at any hour since the attack. A despatch from Washington at a late hour last evening states that the Vice-Presi-dent was so much better yesterday that he was

able to leave his bed for several hours at a time, and to see some visitors. There is no longer any cause for anxiety in regard to his recovery, and he is now hoping to be able to start for his home in Indiana by Wednesday of this week.

—N. Y. Tribune to-day.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.....MAY 29 STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH 8 A. M.......72 | 11 A. M.......78 | 2 P. M......90 SUN RISES...... 4-25 | MOON SETS...... 1-56 SUN SETS...... 7-19 | HIGH WATER..... 9-42

London, May 29. — Steamship Wisconsin, from New York, touched at Queenstown yesterday, and proceeded to Liverpool.

CLEARED THIS MORNING. Steamer Ann Eliza, Richards, New York, W. P. Clyde & Co. Steamer Sarah, Jones, New York, W. M. Baird & Co. Steamer C. Comstock, Drake, New York, do. Schr Alcora, Dennison, Old Cambridge, Day, Hud-

dell & Co.
Schr Geo. A. Twibill, Loughery, Pawtucket, do.
Schr Geo. A. Twibill, Loughery, Pawtucket, do.
Schr Alfred Day Huddell, Long, Boston, do.
Schr Jas. L. Maloy, Russell, Cambridgeport, do.
Barge Great Western, McIntyre, New York, do.
Schr Mediator, McLane, New Haven, John Rommel,
Lr. & Bro.

Jr. & Bro.
Schr Edward Kidder, Baker, Amesbury Point, do.
Schr Charles Carroll, Chase, Hyannis,
do.
Tug G. B. Hutchins, Mulford, Baltimore, with a tow
of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.
Tug Joe Johnson, Ingraham, Baltimore, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co. ARRIVED THIS MORNING.
Steamship Norfolk, Platt, from Richmond via Norfolk, with mode, and passengers to W. P. Clyde & Co. Steamer H. L. Gaw, Her, 13 hours from Balti-

more, with mdse, and passengers to A. Groves, Jr. Steamer Bristol, Wallace, 24 hours from New York, with mdse, to W. P. Clyde & Co. with mose, to W. P. Clyde & Co. Nor. barkentine Alert, Ehrenreich, 76 days from Gefle, with Iron to Naylor & Co.—vessel to L. West-Br. brig Escort, Baker, 55 days from Messina, with fruit to Isaac Jeanes & Co.—vessel to L. Wester-

gaard & Co.

Ital. brig Deminico, Colotto, 70 days fm Palermo, with fruit to Isaac Jeanes & Co.—vessel to Paul Pohl, Jr.
Schr A. M. Bliss, McIntire, 17 days from Port Antonio, with fruit to Stilson & Boyer.
Schr Kansas, Cannon, 5 days from Concord, Del., with lumber to John L. Redner. with lumber to John L. Redner.
Schr Onward, Evans, 2 days from Indian River,
with lumber to John L. Redner.
Schr A. H. Cain, Simpson, 10 days from St. Marys,
Geo., with lumber to Patterson & Lippincott.
Schr Mary R. Hickman, White, from Suffolk, Va.,
with cedar logs to Clement & Dunbar.
Schr Daniel Corbit, Eldridge, 1 day from Odessa,
Del., with grain to John L. Redner.
Schr Sarah C. Smith, Banks, from Mobile, with
old iron to Phoenix Iron Co. old iron to Phonix Iron Co. Schr Sarah Fisher, Carlisle, from Norfolk, with

Schr Hannie Westbrook, Littlejohn, from New York, with cement. Schr Maggie Cummins, Smith, from Cohasset, Schr Zealous, Lankford, from Rappahannock, with wood. Schr Thomas Border, Wrightington, 3 days from

Schr Thomas Border, Wrightington, 3 days from Fall River, in ballast to captain.

Schr O. Carroli, Chase, from New fork, with fish, Tugs Thomas Jefferson, Allen; Joe Johnson, Ingraham; Chesapeake, Merrihew; and G. B. Hutchings, Mulford, from Baltimore, with tows of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.

BELOW. Ship Royal Charlie, from Ardrossan, and a ship,

MEMORANDA.
Steamer Pioneer, Wakeley, hence, at Wilmington, N. C., at 2 P. M. 28th inst.

By Telegraph to the Philadelphia Exchange, Washington, D. C., May 29.—The steamer Hercules (before reported sunk at Georgetown, D. C.,) has been brought to the navy yard here, and is on the railway for repairs. We found her bottom badly damaged by grounding on the ledge of rocks in the harbor of Georgetown, D. C., while lying at J. G. Waten's wharf, awaiting a favorable tide for passing through the draw at Long Bridge.

W. B. Gallagher.

Correspondence of The Evening Telegraph.

EASTON & McMAHON'S BULLETIN.

NEW YORK OFFICE, May 27.—The following barges leave in tow to-night for Bultimore, light:—

Eda, Alex. Toms, Wm. Walker, Sam. Morrell, Marrien, City of Boston, Union Traveller, and Norris.

NOITIS.
BALTIMORE BRANCH OFFICE, May 27.—The following barges leave in tow to-night, eastward:—
C. H. Gage, A. H. Griswold, Albemarie, Velocipede, C. A. Silliman, Ella, T. L. Moore, E. M. Kilduff, F. McWilliams, Frank Sheldon, and Ann McCeffrey, all with coal, for New York.

Osprey, with coal, for Wilmington.
Philadelphia Branch Oppics, May 29.—The
Athletic, with coal, for New York, and N. W. Fisch,
with coal, for Baltimore, left on Saturday night
James O'Donnell, with coal, for New York, left en

James O'Donnell, with coal, for New York, left en Saturday.

Weather.—May 27, 7 P. M., wind W. & N. to W. & S.; 10 P. M., S. E., fresh, overcast; Sunday, 28th, 4:28 A. M., wind due East; 19 M. S. E.; 5 P. M., W. of South, beautiful, bright night; Monday, 29th, 5 A. M., wind, the Irishmans hurricane (upand down the mast, dead calm), loggy; looked up at old Independence Hall vane, indicated S. W., doubted its veracity; came back 6 A. M., slight breeze, found the vane all right, glad of it, won't doubt it again. Barometer:—Sunday, May 25, 5 A. M., 30 16-80; 1 P. M., 30 14-80; 11 P. M., 50 19-80; Monday, May 29, 4:30 A. M., 30 19-80. It should rain to-day; but all signs fall in dry weather.

L. S. C. fail in dry weather.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

HAVE-SE-GRACE, May 29. — The following boats leave in tow to day:

Ilarry and John, Wyoming, Lady Washington, Lebanon, and Isalah Kroeser, with coal to G. C.

Not For Joe and James R. Harris, with lumber to Not For Joe and James R. Harris, with lumber to Patterson & Lippincott.

J. P Weolverton and Wolverton & Tinaman, with lumber to J. H. Woolverton.

Ed. Kennedy, with grain to Hoffman & Kennedy.

J. M. Rine, with lumber to Watson Malone & Son. Carrie, with lumber to Craig & Blanchard.

A. Page, Son & Co., with lumber, for Salem, N. J.;

J. L. Sutton, with bark to order J. H.